Verse Analysis – Acts 3:25

Acts 3:25

Categorie	s:	Person:		Voice:		Case:		Gender:	
A C D I N P	adjective conjunction adverb interjection noun preposition	1 2 3	first person second person third person	A M P	active middle passive	N G D A V	nominative genitive dative accusative vocative	M F N	masculine feminine neuter
DA DP	definite article demonstrative pronoun	Tense:		Mood:		Number:		Degree:	
IP PP RP V X	interrogative/indefinite pronoun personal pronoun relative pronoun verb particle	P I F X Y	present imperfect future aorist perfect pluperfect	I D S O N P	indicative imperative subjunctive optative infinitive participle	S P Freqency:	singular plural	C S	comparative superlative

 \rightarrow Memorizing all words used 150+ times will give you a handle on 70% of the NT.

 \rightarrow Memorizing all words use 30+ times will give you a handle on 85% of the NT.

Number of times the word is used in the NT. Words with freq. < 30 are not

worth memorizing. They are why God made the Internet.

- High frequency used more than 750 times н
- Μ Medium frequency – Used from 101 to 750 times
- L Low frequency – Used from 30 to 100 times
- R Rare – Used less than 30 times

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Word	Dictionary Form of Word	Meaning	Freqency	Category	Person	Tense	Voice	Mood	Case	Number	Gender	Degree
ύμεῖς	σύ	you, your	Н	PP					Ν	Ρ		
ėote	eiµí	to be, exist, be present	Н	V	2	Ρ	A	I		Ρ		
oì	6	(often not translated) the, this, that, who	Н	DA					Ν	Ρ	Μ	
ίοὶ	υίός	son, child (of either gender), descendant (in any generation); by extension: a term of endearment;	Μ	Ν					Ν	Ρ	Μ	
τŵν	6	(often not translated) the, this, that, who	Н	DA					G	Ρ	Μ	
προφητῶν	προφήτης	pr. a spokesman for another; spc. a spokesman or interpreter for a deity; a prophet, seer, Tit. 1:12; in	Μ	Ν					G	Ρ	Μ	
καί	καί	(as a connective) and; (connecting and continuing) and then, then; (as a disjunctive) but, yet, however;	Н	С								
τής	6	(often not translated) the, this, that, who	Н	DA					G	5	F	
		1	1									

Word	Dictionary Form of Word	Meaning	Freqency	Category	Person	Tense	Voice	Mood	Case	Number	Gender	Degree
διαθήκης	διαθήκη	a testamentary disposition, will; a covenant, Heb. 9:16, 17; Gal. 3:15; in NT, a covenant of God with	L	N					G	5	F	
ĥs	ὄς	who, which, what, that; anyone, someone, a certain one	Н	RP					G	5	F	
διέθετο	διατίθεμαι	in NT only mid., so some list as διατίθεμαι, to arrange; to arrange according to one's own mind; to	R	V	3	A	Μ	I		5		
ò	ò	(often not translated) the, this, that, who	Н	DA					N	5	Μ	
θεὸς	θεός	God, usually refers to the one true God; in a very few contexts it refers to a (pagan) god or goddess.	Н	N					N	5	Μ	
πρὸς	πρός	(gen.) to, for; (dat.) on, at, near, by; (acc.) to, toward; with; in order to; against	Μ	Ρ								
τούς	ò	(often not translated) the, this, that, who	Н	DA					Ą	Ρ	Μ	
πατέρας	πατήρ	father, a male parent or ancestor; by extension: an honorific title, leader, archetype; (pl.) parents,	Μ	N					A	Ρ	Μ	
ΰμῶν	σύ	you, your	Н	PP					G	Ρ		
λέγων	λέγω	say, said, the most general term for speaking in the NT, translated contextually with more specific	Н	V		Ρ	A	Ρ	N	5	Μ	
πρὸς	πρός	(gen.) to, for; (dat.) on, at, near, by; (acc.) to, toward; with; in order to; against	Μ	Ρ								
Άβραάμ	Άβραάμ	Abraham, pr. name indecl.	L	N					Ą	5	Μ	
Καὶ	καί	(as a connective) and; (connecting and continuing) and then, then; (as a disjunctive) but, yet, however;	Н	С								
έv	έv	Spatially: in, inside, at, among, with; logically: by means of, with, because of; of time: during, while	Н	Ρ								
τŵ	ò	(often not translated) the, this, that, who	Н	DA					D	5	N	
σπέρματί	σπέρμα	seed, Mt. 13:24, 27, 37, 38; semen virile, Heb. 11:11; offspring, posterity, Mt. 22:24, 25; Jn. 7:42; a seed	L	N					D	5	N	
σου	σύ	you, your	Н	PP					G	5		
			+	1	+	+	+	+	+	+		

Word	Dictionary Form of Word	Meaning	Freqency	Category	Person	Tense	Voice	Mood	Case	Number	Gender	Degree
ἐνευλογηθήσονται	ἐνευλογέω	to bless in respect of, or by means of, Acts 3:25; Gal. 3:8*	R	V	3	F	Ρ	I		Ρ		
πασαι	πᾶς	all, every (thing, one), whole; always	Н	A					N	Ρ	F	
αί	6	(often not translated) the, this, that, who	Н	DA					N	Ρ	F	
πατριαί	πατριά	descent, lineage; a family, tribe, race, Lk. 2:4; Acts 3:25; Eph. 3:15*	R	N					N	Ρ	F	
τῆς	6	(often not translated) the, this, that, who	Н	DA					G	5	F	
YNS	γî	earth, world, country, region; land, ground, soil	Μ	N					G	5	F	

Greek Verse	Acts 3:25 ύμεις έστε οι υιοι των προφητων και της διαθήκης ής διέθετο 6 θεος προς τους πατέρας ύμων, λέγων προς Άβραάμ Και έν τῷ σπέρματί σου ^Γ ένευλογηθήσονται πασαι αι πατριαι της γης.									
Word-for-Word Translation	You are the sons of the prophets and of the covenant which God ratified toward your fathers saying to Abraham And in your seed they will be blessed each of the families of the earth.									
Proper Translation	You are descendants of the prophets children of the covenant which God put in place for your ancestors when he spoke to Abraham, saying 'All the families on earth will be blessed by your descendants.'									
Comments and Questions	\tilde{h} ς. In Greek, pronouns sometimes shift case from what we expect to share the case of a nearby word. We would normally expect the \tilde{h} ς to be accusative as the object of διέθετο.									
	However, it has been "attracted" to the genitive by the noun τῆς διαθήκης.									
	This shifting of cases "by attraction" is fairly common in NT Greek.									
	Martin M. Culy and Mikeal C. Parsons, Acts: A Handbook on the Greek Text, Baylor Handbook on the Greek New Testament (Waco, TX: Baylor University Press, 2003), 62.									
	Spiritual descendants. Not genetically descended, of course.									
	This quotation mushes together Gen 12:3 and 22:18.									
	Gn 12:3 I will bless those who bless you, and him who dishonors you I will curse, and in you all the families of the earth shall be blessed."									
	Gn 22:18 and in your offspring shall all the nations of the earth be blessed, because you have obeyed my									

Voice."

An adequate term for covenant is extremely difficult in many languages since a receptor-language term so frequently implies a compromise agreement arising out of the procedures of bargaining. The covenant of the Old Testament, of course, was one which was initiated by God and accepted by the people. Moreover, it was the faithfulness of God which made the covenant valid. In some languages a term such as "pact" or alliance" is perhaps the best equivalent which can be found. However, it may be important that some marginal note be employed or that an explanation be made in a glossary to indicate clearly certain unique features of the covenant as represented in the Old and New Testaments.

Barclay Moon Newman and Eugene Albert Nida, *A Handbook on the Acts of the Apostles, UBS Handbook Series* (New York: United Bible Societies, 1972), 87.